CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Athens, Texas 75751

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Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information and Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

City Council City of Athens, Texas 508 East Tyler Street Athens, Texas 75751

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Athens, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our

audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organization, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 21, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ambrigas + associates, P.c.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

April 21, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF ATHENS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management for the City of Athens, we offer readers of the City of Athens financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Athens for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements which begin on page 13. All amounts in this discussion and analysis, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Athens exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2013 by \$22,313,468. Of this amount, unrestricted net position of \$4,924,727 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and, creditors.
- Total net position increased by \$301,951. Of this amount \$300,775 was associated with governmental and \$1,176 with business type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Athens governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,759,235. This was a increase of \$23,704 in comparison with the prior year.
- Sales taxes increased with a 5.64% increase above prior years' actual. Actual receipts were above budget projections by approximately 7.51%.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$2,944,122. The City Council has currently restricted \$800,000 or 8.71% of total General Fund expenditures for emergency reserve. Council has also restricted \$200,000 for future capital improvements.
- Property tax values for 2012 tax rolls increased by \$6,419,622 (1.01%) compared to the prior tax year (2011).
- Property tax rate was increased to .630387/\$100 from .600387/\$100.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Athens basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Athens finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Athens include general government, public safety, parks and recreation, culture, community services, community development and other charges. The business type activities include Water and Sewer Operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Athens can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government -wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains 10 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Charges in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Athens adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, Debt Service, Capital Projects and certain Special Revenue Funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and are presented as required supplemental information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Athens maintains one proprietary fund in the form of an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented in the proprietary statement of net position and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position for the Utility fund which accounts for the City's water and sewer operations.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 21 of this report.

Notes To The Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 41 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparisons, combining balance sheets for the other governmental funds, debt service schedules and miscellaneous statistical information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a governments financial position. As of September 30, 2013, the City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$22,313,468. The largest portion of the City's net position (68%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Athens Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Current and other assets	\$ 5,514,526	\$ 5,440,566	\$ 3,424,826	\$ 3,405,536	\$ 8,939,352	\$ 8,846,102		
Capital assets	8,193,845	8,234,155	14,458,624	14,850,495	22,652,469	23,084,650		
Total Assets	13,708,371	13,674,721	17,883,450	18,256,031	31,591,821	31,930,752		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	3,621,621	3,936,505	4,658,846	5,014,089	8,280,467	8,950,594		
Other liabilities	766,668	718,909	231,218	249,732	997,886	968,641		
Total Liabilities	4,388,289	4,655,414	4,890,064	5,263,821	9,278,353	9,919,235		
Net Position:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,491,846	5,162,916	9,858,624	9,880,495	15,350,470	15,043,411		
Restricted	755,008	656,618	1,283,263	1,001,013	2,038,271	1,657,631		
Unrestricted	3,073,228	3,199,773	1,851,499	2,110,702	4,924,727	5,310,475		
Total Net Position	\$ 9,320,082	\$ 9,019,307	\$12,993,386	\$12,992,210	\$22,313,468	\$22,011,517		

An additional portion of net position (9.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$4,924,727) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The following chart shows the revenue and expenses of the total primary government.

City of Athens Changes in Net Position

		Governmental		.		Total			
	_	Activiti	es	Business-type	Activities	Primary Government			
		2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
REVENUES	_		<u> </u>		i=_it,				
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	253,053 \$	402,502 \$	4,597,612 \$	4,967,935 \$	4,850,665 \$	5,370,437		
Operating grants and contributions		95,997	136,617	33,915		129,912	136,617		
Capital grants and contributions			· ·	,		0	0		
Total Program Revenues		349,050	539,119	4,631,527	4,967,935	4,980,577	5,507,054		
General revenues:				A /		Con E. III			
Taxes:									
Sales and use taxes		3,982,948	3,757,192			3,982,948	3,757,192		
Property taxes		4,098,873	3,836,445			4,098,873	3,836,445		
Franchise taxes		821,052	877,535			821,052	877,535		
Unrestricted investment income		16,992	15,395	9,189	8,885	26,181	24,280		
Donated Capital Assets			10,070	2,202	3,000	0	0		
Miscellaneous		45,104	46,901			45,104	46,901		
Premium on Bonds Sold		.5,25	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	558	558	558	558		
Gain(Loss) on sale of capital assets		(5,500)	(534)		(6,314)	(5,500)	(6,848)		
Total General Revenue	_	8,959,469	8,532,934	9,747	3,129	8,969,216	8,536,063		
Total Revenue	_	9,308,519	9,072,053	4,641,274	4,971,064	13,949,793	14,043,117		
EXPENSES									
General	\$	1,326,970 \$	1,389,537		\$	1,326,970 \$	1,389,537		
Public Safety:							0		
Police		2,821,021	2,706,843			2,821,021	2,706,843		
Fire		2,468,443	2,400,821			2,468,443	2,400,821		
Other		385,959	373,264			385,959	373,264		
Public Services						0	0		
Highways, Streets and Airport		1,469,664	1,365,934			1,469,664	1,365,934		
Health		346,067	352,389			346,067	352,389		
Culture and Recreation		725,988	615,273			725,988	615,273		
Conservation and Development						0	0		
Interest on long-term debt		113,632	112,421			113,632	112,421		
Water Utilities		+	T	3,990,098	4,072,712	3,990,098	4,072,712		
Total Expense	10	9,657,744	9,316,482	3,990,098	4,072,712	13,647,842	13,389,194		
Increase in net position before			= T E						
transfers		(349,225)	(244,429)	651,176	898,352	301,951	653,923		
Transfers		650,000	650,000	(650,000)	(650,000)	0	0		
Change in net position		300,775	405,571	1,176	248,352	301,951	653,923		
Net position October 1		9,019,307	8,613,736	12,992,210	12,743,858	22,011,517	21,357,594		
Net position September 30	\$	9,320,082 \$	9,019,307	12,993,386 \$	12,992,210 \$	22,313,468 \$	22,011,517		

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$300,775 accounting for (99.61) percent of the total increase in net position. Increases in current assets and lower debt offset the decrease in capital assets. Debt payment schedules and assets useful lives may differ slightly creating differences in the increases in accumulated depreciation and reductions in the related debt.

Business-type activities. Business type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,176 accounting for .39 percent of the total increase in the government's net position. The increase was mostly due to decreases in debt and increases in cash and receivable balances over depreciation in capital assets.

Financial Analysis of the Governments' Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Athens governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Athens Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,759,235. Approximately 61% of this amount (\$2,944,122) constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,944,122, while total fund balance reached \$3,955,716.

The General Fund's fund balance decreased during the current fiscal year \$123,198. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Net of allocation of prior year reserves, offset by excess revenues and under budget expenditures.
- Excess sales tax revenue above budget.

Financial Highlights of the City's other major governmental funds are as follows:

The Debt Service Fund's fund balance increased by \$66,533 due to variations in revenue from property tax collections over debt payments and more favorable bid prices on capital items and capital lease interest rates than expected during the budget cycle.

The Capital Projects Fund's fund balance decreased by \$840. The decrease was due to spending of donations from prior years over offsets of interest earnings on proceeds from donated cash held for future capital projects. Projects are determined based on specific donation restrictions and purposes.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$12,993,386. This was an increase of \$1,176. Factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund budget was increased by \$291,000 (net) from the original budget to the final budget (an increase of 3.03%). These increases in revenue and (expenses) can be summarized as follows:

- (170,000) for Land Purchase
- (121,000) for Land Purchase
- 15,295 donation for Police Voice Recorder
- (15,295) for Purchase of Police Voice Recorder

\$480,060 was allocated from prior years reserves as a part of the original budget as approved by the City Council. As noted earlier fund balance only declined \$123,198 due to excess revenues and under budget expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities at September 30, 2013 amounts to \$22,652,469 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, easements, equipment, computer hardware, vehicles, capitalized software, as well as infrastructure assets such as roads, sidewalks, water and sewer lines, water and wastewater treatment facilities. The total decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$432,180 (1.8%) net of accumulated depreciation.

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$293,547 for purchase of land adjacent to City Hall.
- \$83,737 For Kubota Tractor and Rear Mount Boom Cutter.
- \$184207 For Street Sweeper.
- \$27,729 for 3/4 Ton Pickup for Street Department.
- \$9,550 for Scag Lawn Mower for Parks Department.
- \$24,847 for 3/4 Ton Pickup for Parks Department.
- \$22,319 For Administrative Vehicle for Fire Department.
- \$16,226 for ½ Ton Pickup for Animal Control Department.
- \$18,555 for New Police Network Server.
- \$34,835 in Security Camera Upgrades at Utility Infrastructure Facilities.
- \$72,750 For Case Backhoe for Utility Line Maintenance.
- \$108,006 for Water and Wastewater Line Improvements.
- \$7,215 For New Utility Bill Burster for Utility Billing Department.
- \$18,915 in Work in Progress on First Time Sewer Grant.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 3 on pages 31 and 32 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$8,280,468 in outstanding debt consisting of general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, capital leases, compensated absences payable and post employment benefits. Additional information on the City's long term debt can be found in note 6 on pages 33 through 36.

Outstanding Debt at September 30, 2013

	 vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Total	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,525,000	\$	4,600,000	\$	1,525,000 4,600,000	
Certificates of Obligation Notes Payable		Ф	4,000,000		4,000,000	
Capital Leases Payable	1,176,999				1,176,999	
Compensated Absences Payable	884,088		48,694		932,782	
Post Employment Benefits	 35,534		10,153	V	45,687	
Total	\$ 3,621,621	\$	4,658,847	_\$	8,280,468	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property tax values increase with the taxable valuations in 2013 increasing by (\$10,060,859). The property tax rate for 2013 was set at .645140 per \$100 valuation.
- Sales tax revenue increased slightly above the previous year. Sales tax revenue were above the prior year by \$199,037 and above budget by \$260,383 in 2013. The 2014 budget anticipates a slight increase in sales tax revenue over the prior year. (\$3,700,079)
- Prices on the 2004 bond projects dropped significantly as the price of oil dropped and the economy went into recession. Better prices were received as projects were bid and the savings has compensated for cost over runs on the initial projects. All scheduled have been completed that were anticipated when bonds were sold. The City is now planning future projects to expend the remaining bond proceeds as well as interest earnings above any arbitrage payments. The current project includes using bond proceeds to match a first time sewer grant to obtain up to \$275,000 in grant revenue. It is anticipated that approximately \$1,000,000 in interest will still be available for future water and wastewater projects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Athens finances for all of Athens residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors. This report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance, 508 E. Tyler Athens, Texas 75751.

FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

				
	Government	Business-type		Component
A4-	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Assets				
Cash	\$ 3,350,004	\$ 1,603,855	\$ 4,953,859	\$ 1,005,651
Investments	14,854	8,813	23,667	834,503
Receivables (net of allowances for doubtful accounts):				
Ad valorem taxes	193,265		193,265	
Accounts	865,680	620,532	1,486,212	2,822,939
Due from other governments	20,998	28,880	49,878	
Internal balances	300,610	(300,610)	0	50
Inventories	5,294	179,993	185,287	
Prepaid items	8,813	100	8,913	
Restricted assets:	•		,	
Cash	755,008	1,283,263	2,038,271	
Investments	,,,,,,,,	1,203,203	2,030,271	
Capital assets:			V	
Work in progress		34,804	34,804	
Land	2,445,876	152,200	2,598,076	240 104
Buildings	8,254,981	799,441		249,194
Improvements other than buildings	6,863,667	24,005,463	9,054,422	1,881,605
Machinery and equipment			30,869,130	177,432
Amortizable assets	6,709,702	1,325,435	8,035,137	49,613
Accumulated depreciation	93,403	243,082	336,485	(5(0,015)
Accumulated depreciation Accumulated amortization	(16,080,381)	(11,909,111)	(27,989,492)	(568,215)
Accumulated amortization	(93,403)	(192,690)	(286,093)	
Total Assets	13,708,371	17,883,450	31,591,821	6,452,722
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	641,044	22,150	662 104	041 064
Wages and salaries payable	111,086	22,130	663,194	841,864
Accrued interest	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25 104	111,086	
Payable to other governments	11,378	35,104	46,482	
Deposits	2 160	167,830	170,000	
Unearned revenue	3,160	•	170,990	
Noncurrent liabilities:		6,134	6,134	
	550.027	205.000	0.40.006	47.000
Due within one year	558,836	385,000	943,836	47,398
Due in more than one year	3,062,785	4,273,846	7,336,631	338,498
Total Liabilities	4,388,289	4,890,064	9,278,353	1,227,760
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,491,846	9,858,624	15 250 470	1 402 722
Restricted for:	3,491,040	9,030,024	15,350,470	1,403,733
Debt service	56.074		56.074	
Capital projects	56,074	1 202 262	56,074	
	431,755	1,283,263	1,715,018	
Other special purposes	267,179		267,179	
Unrestricted	3,073,228	1,851,499	4,924,727	3,821,229
Total Net Position	\$ 9,320,082	\$ 12,993,386	\$ 22,313,468	\$ 5,224,962

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

		Program	Revenues	
		Fees, Fines & Charges for	Operating Grants and	
Program Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	
Government Activities				
General Government	\$ 1,326,970	\$ 74,538	\$ 26,805	
Police	2,821,021	94,387	18,882	
Fire Protection	2,468,443	•	27,243	
Other Public Safety	385,959		,	
Highways Streets and Airport	1,469,664	84,128	23,067	
Health	346,067	•	•	
Culture and Recreation	725,988			
Interest on Long-term Debt	113,632	-		
Total Government Activities	9,657,744	253,053	95,997	
Business-type Activities				
Utility Fund	3,990,098	4,597,612	33,915	
Total Primary Government	\$ 13,647,842	\$ 4,850,665	\$ 129,912	
Component Unit:				
Athens Economic Development Corporation	\$ 1,008,321	\$ 33,875	\$	

General Revenue

Taxes:

Property

Sales

Franchise

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Premium on Bonds Sold

Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets

Transfers

Other

Total General Revenues, Transfers and Other

Changes in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		and Changes in Net Position	1	
_	Government Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit AEDC
\$	(1,225,627) (2,707,752) (2,441,200) (385,959) (1,362,469) (346,067) (725,988) (113,632)	\$	\$ (1,225,627) (2,707,752) (2,441,200) (385,959) (1,362,469) (346,067) (725,988) (113,632)	\$
	(9,308,694)	0	(9,308,694)	0
\$	(9,308,694)	641,429 \$ 641,429	\$ (8,667,265)	\$. 0
\$		<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$ (974,446)</u>
		ž.		
\$	4,098,873 3,982,948 821,052	\$	\$ 4,098,873 3,982,948 821,052	\$ 1,242,103
	16,992 45,104	9,189 558	26,181 45,104 558	2,469 11,259
	(5,500) 650,000	(650,000)	(5,500) 0	75,348
	9,609,469	(640,253)	8,969,216	1,331,180
	300,775	1,176	301,951	356,734
	9,019,307	12,992,210	22,011,517	4,868,229
\$	9,320,082	\$ 12,993,386	\$ 22,313,468	\$ 5,224,963

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

ASSETS	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		apital ojects	Other Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,350,004	\$ 56,073	\$ 1	120,496	\$ 578,438	\$	4,105,011
Investments - Current	14,854	Ψ 50,075	Ψ ,	120,490	Φ 376,436	Φ	14,854
Taxes Receivable (net of allow. for uncoll.		34,017					193,265
Receivables (net of allowable for uncoll.)	864,689	5 1,017			741		865,430
Due from Other Governments	001,005				20,998		20,998
Intergovernmental Receivable	300,610				20,550		300,610
Due from Other Funds	5,144	•			20,748		25,892
Inventories	5,294				20,7 10		5,294
Prepaid Items	8,813						8,813
Total Assets	\$ 4,708,656	\$ 90,090	\$ 1	20,496	\$ 620,925	- \$	5,540,167
				7		- <u>-</u>	0,0 (0,10)
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	ANCES						
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 640,794	\$	\$		\$	\$	640,794
Wages and Salaries Payable	111,086						111,086
Due to Other Funds					25,892		25,892
Deposits Payable	1,060				2,100		3,160
Total Liabilities	\$ 752,940	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 27,992	\$	780,932
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Fund Balance:							
Inventories and Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balance:	11,594						11,594
Capital Acquisition			1	20,496			120,496
Retirement of Long-term Debt		90,090	_	, ., .			90,090
Other Restricted Funds		,			424,019		424,019
Committed Fund Balance:					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,
Emergency Reserve	800,000						800,000
Capital Acquisition	200,000						200,000
Assigned Fund Balance:	,						
Other Assigned Fund Balance					168,914		168,914
Unassigned Fund Balance	2,944,122			36			2,944,122
Total Fund Balances	2 055 716	00.000	1	20.406	502.022		
I otal Fully Balances	3,955,716	90,090		20,496	592,933		4,759,235
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,708,656	\$ 90,090	\$ 1	20,496	\$ 620,925	\$	5,540,167

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,759,235
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	8,193,845
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore interest payable is not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(11,377)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Due within one year Due in more than one year	 (558,836) (3,062,785)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$ 9 320 082

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

		General Fund	Ι	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects		Other Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES:					_			1 44140	_	1 unus
Taxes:										
Property	\$	3,295,963	\$	721,331	\$		\$		\$	4,017,294
General Sales and Use		3,746,448		•			_	236,500	4	3,982,948
Franchise		821,053						250,500		821,053
Penalty and Interest		67,395		14,182						81,577
Licenses and Permits		39,818		- 1,102						39,818
Intergovernmental Revenues and Grants		40,522						29,217		69,739
Charges for Services		37,779						2,440		40,219
Fines		89,964						4,907		94,871
Investment Income		13,950		917		388				
Rents and Royalties		900		917		300		1,737		16,992
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		26,805						47,245		48,145
Other Revenue								16,930		43,735
Oulei Revenue	-	43,019	_		-			16,424		59,443
Total Revenues	_	8,223,616		736,430	_	388		355,400		9,315,834
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General Government		1,277,611				228		11,318		1,289,157
Public Safety:		_,,				220		11,510		1,209,137
Police		2,690,472						21,525		2 711 007
Fire		2,304,454						21,323		2,711,997
Other		388,149								2,304,454
Public Works:		300,149								388,149
		000 274								
Highways, Streets and Airport Health		989,374				1,000		54,898		1,045,272
		338,432								338,432
Conservation and Development		100 - 11								0
Culture and Recreation		498,241						186,450		684,691
Debt Service:										
Principal				553,448						553,448
Interest				116,128						116,128
Fiscal Agent Fees				321						321
Capital Outlay:										
Capital Outlay		696,013			_					696,013
Total Former diagram		0.100.546		660.005						
Total Expenditures		9,182,746		669,897	_	1,228		274,191		10,128,062
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures		(050 120)		((522		(0.40)		04.000		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(959,130)		66,533	_	(840)		81,209		(812,228)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Non-Current Loans		184,207								184,207
Transfers In		651,725						22,858		674,583
Transfers Out (Use)								(22,858)		(22,858)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		835,932		0	_	0		0		835,932
Net Change in Fund Balances		(132 100)		66 522		(0.40)		01.000		22 =2 /
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		(123,198)		66,533		(840)		81,209		23,704
rund Darance - October 1 (Beginning)		4,078,914		23,557		121,336		511,724		4,735,531
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	3,955,716	\$	90,090	\$	120,496	\$	592,933	<u>\$</u>	4,759,235

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	23,704
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because	:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide Stateme of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated usef lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	nt ul	696,013
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities are Changes in Net Position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefor deprecation expense is not expenditure in governmental funds.	ıd e,	(730,824)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental fund while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, government funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued whereas the amounts are unearned and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the new first of the statement of activities.	of al d,	
effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the government funds.		314,886
Loss of Sale of Capital Assets Accrued Interest		(5,500) 2,496
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	300,775

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

\$ 12,993,386

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 201

PROPRIETARY FUNDS	
FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013	
ASSETS Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Investments - Current	\$ 1,603,855
Accounts Receivable - Net of Uncollectible Allowance	8,813
Intergovernmental Receivables	620,532
Inventories	28,880
Prepaid Items	179,993
Restricted Assets:	100
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,283,263
	7
Total Current Assets	3,725,436
Non Comment Association	54
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Work in Progress	34,804
Land Purchase and Improvements Buildings	152,200
Improvement Other Than Buildings	799,441
Machinery and Equipment	24,005,463
Amortizable Assets	1,325,435
Accumulated Depreciation	243,082
Accumulated Amortization	(11,909,111) (192,690)
1 Additional of Michigan of	(192,090)
Total Non-Current Assets	14,458,624
Total Assets	18,184,060
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	22,150
Accrued Interest Payable	35,104
Internal Balances	300,610
Certificates of Obligation Payable	385,000
Unearned Revenue	6,134
Deposits	167,830
Total Current Liabilities	916,828
Non-Current Liabilities	
Compensated Absences Payable	58,846
Certificates of Obligation Payable	4,215,000
- '	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	4,273,846
Total Liabilities	5,190,674
NET POSITION	
Investments in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	9,858,624
Restricted for Construction	1,283,263
Unrestricted Net Position	1,851,499

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Total Net Position

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Water Services	\$	2,332,577
Charges for Waste Water Services		1,974,317
Fees		111,535
Other Revenue		179,183
	_	
Total Operating Revenues	_	4,597,612
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personnel Services		1,666,646
Supplies		575,879
Contractual Services		804,982
Depreciation		701,392
Bad Debt Expense		34,924
	·	
Total Operating Expenses		3,783,823
Operating Income .		813,789
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment Earnings		9,189
Interest Expense - Non-Operating		(205,417)
Fiscal Agent Fees		(858)
Premium on Bonds Sold		558
Grants		33,915
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		(162,613)
Income Before Transfers		651,176
Transfers Out		(650,000)
Change in Net Position		1,176
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	# -	12,992,210
Total Net Position - September 20 (Ending)	\$	12,993,386

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash Received From User Charges	\$	4,753,515
Other Operating Revenues (uses)	•	179,183
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(1,651,888)
Cash Payments to Suppliers		(1,442,389)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,838,421
Cach Flores from non Conital Financina Activities		
Cash Flows from non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfers Out		
Grants		(650,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital Financing Activities	T. I.	33,915
Net Cash Flovided by (Osed 101) Capital Financing Activities		(616,085)
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(309,521)
Interest Paid on Bonds		(210,138)
Retirement of Bonds		(370,000)
Fiscal Agent Fees		(858)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related Financing Activities		(890,517)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		9,189
inverse and Dividends on Investments		9,109
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		341,008
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		2 554 022
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Deginning of the Teat		2,554,923
Cash and Cash Equivalent at End of the Year	\$	2,895,931
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income	\$	813,789
optimize zivozio	Ψ	015,765
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		9
Depreciation		701,392
Doproduction		701,392
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		361,905
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(5,228)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(21,341)
Increase (Decrease) in Internal Balances		(34,959)
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits		8,105
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		14,758
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,838,421

See accompanying notes to basic financial statement.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Athens, Texas (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The City applied all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements; in which case, GASB prevails.

A. The Reporting Entity

The City of Athens, Texas is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The City was incorporated in 1902 under the provisions of the State of Texas. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire, animal control and inspection), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. Other services include utilities and airport operations.

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Athens, Texas has one component unit.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

ATHENS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (AEDC) - The AEDC was authorized by the voters of Athens in an election on May 5, 1990. The corporation received its charter/certificate of authority on October 11, 1990, and immediately began operations. The AEDC is funded by a .5% sales tax. It also earns interest on funds temporarily invested pending expenditure on approved economic programs. The AEDC is separately managed and audited and issues its own financial statements. The City appoints directors and approves budgets.

Excluded from the reporting entity:

ATHENS MUNICIPAL WATER AUTHORITY - The Athens Municipal Water Authority (the Water Authority) was established by a special state act in 1958. The Water Authority's governing board (a separately elected board) selects management staff, sets user charges, establishes budgets and controls all aspects of general management and production of water from the Water Authority except for water purchases and what it contracts with the City of Athens. Additionally, the City does not hold title to any of the Water Authority's assets, nor does it have any right to the Water Authority's surpluses.

CITY OF ATHENS HOUSING AUTHORITY - This is the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program. This entity receives federal grant funds and administers a housing/rent subsidy program inside the city limits of Athens. This entity is subject to the City's control and oversight through the City Council and City Administrator's office, but is audited as a separate program based upon an understanding with the federal funding agency (HUD). This entity operates on a calendar year basis and has been audited in prior years by other auditors without being combined with the City of Athens. Consequently, an audit of this entity was not included in the Request for Proposal for performing the September 30, 2013 audit of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of government funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund -

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund -

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund is reserved to signify the amounts that are restricted exclusively for debt service expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund -

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for funds received and expended for construction, renovation, expansion and major improvement of various City facilities, acquisition of land and other large nonrecurring projects.

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund -

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sewer system and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water and sewer debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to assure integrity of the funds.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the account and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

D. Budgetary Control

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all major funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Before the first regular meeting in August, the proposed budget is presented to the City's council for review. The City's council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the City's manager.

Amendments have been made to the budget during the fiscal year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund presents a comparison of budgetary data to actual results. The General Fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results.

E. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities one year or less from the date of acquisition.

All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

F. Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the City are classified as restricted assets because of ordinance or other legal restrictions such as funds set aside under provisions of bond covenants.

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

J. Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

The City allocates to the Proprietary funds an indirect cost percentage of information technology services and salaries and wages and related costs of personnel who perform administrative services for those funds but are paid through the General Fund along with other indirect costs deemed necessary for their operations. During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City allocated \$650,000 as a transfer for such services.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over three years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25
Machinery & Equipment	3-20
System Infrastructure	20-40
Vehicles	5-10
Office Equipment	5
Computer Equipment	5

L. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for non-civil service employees' unpaid accumulated sick leave. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are shown as non-current liabilities on the government-wide statement of net position and current expense for that portion of the debt incurred for the current year.

M. Nature and Purpose of Reservation and Designations of Fund Equity

The fund equity reserves for revenue bond retirement and construction, prepaid items and debt service are discussed in notes 6, 1(F), and 1(B) respectively. The fund equity designation for subsequent years' expenditures primarily represents Capital Projects Fund Balances specifically identified for capital outlays.

N. Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

O. Fund Balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- 1. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form' criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the City Council or by other officials to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the City Council delegates the responsibility to assign funds to the City Managers or their designee.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The City will utilize funds in the following spending order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

P. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned. The individual fund balances of the District are:

Fund Balance	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Inventories & Prepaid	\$ 11,594	\$	\$	\$	\$ 11,594
Total Non-spendable	11,594	0	0	0	11,594
Restricted: Debt Service Capital Projects Other		90,090	120,496	424,019	90,090 120,496 424,019
Total Restricted	0	90,090	120,496	424,019	634,605
Committed: Emergency Capital Items	800,000 200,000				800,000 200,000
Total Committed	1,000,000	0	0	0	1,000,000
Assigned: Other				168,914	168,914
Total Assigned	0	0	0	168,914	168,914
Unassigned	2,944,122				2,944,122
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,955,716	\$ 90,090	\$ 120,496	\$ 592,933	\$ 4,759,235

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar - weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in 1) Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities as permitted by Government Code 2256.009; 2) Certificates of deposit and share certificates as permitted by Government Code 2256.010; 3) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Government Code 2256.011; 4) A securities lending program as permitted by Government Code 2256.015; 5) Banker's acceptances as permitted by Government Code 2256.012; 6) Commercial paper as permitted by Government Code 2256.013; 7) No load money market mutual funds and no load mutual funds as permitted by Government Code 2256.014; 8) A guaranteed investment contract as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds, provided it meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by Government Code 2256.015; and 9) Public funds investment pools as permitted by Government Code 2256.016.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the City has adopted an investment policy. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act. The risks that the City may be subject are:

a. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits, including checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit, may not be returned to it.

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. During 2012-2013 the City's combined deposits were fully insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the City and held by the City's agent.

The largest, combined balances of cash, savings and time deposit accounts amounted to \$9,672,370 and occurred on February 12, 2013. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$10,117,688. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000.

- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Any investment that is both uninsured and unregistered is exposed to custodial credit risk if the investment is held by the counterparty, or if the investment is held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the investor government. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk.
- c. Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk occurs when potential purchasers of debt securities do not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates rise. Investments with interest rates that are fixed for longer periods are likely to be subject to more variability in their fair values as a result of future changes in interest rates.

d. Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration risk is defined as positions of five percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. This is the issuer of the underlying investment, and not a pool. This does not apply to U.S. Government securities.

CASH DEPOSITS

At September 30, 2013, the amount of the City's cash balance accounts was \$6,976,547. The cash balance in interest bearing accounts was \$6,976,547.

INVESTMENTS

The City's investments at September 30, 2013, are shown below:

Investment Type	 Cost	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Money Market Time Deposits	\$ 6,976,547	6,976,547	.0833
TexPool	37,632	37,635	1.00009
Total Investments	\$ 7,014,179 \$	7,014,182	

Local government investment pools operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Local government investment pools use amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly the market value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool, which approximates the carrying amount. The investment pools are organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund types, the City considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance 10/01/12	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Balance 9/30/2013
Government Activities:				114,454110110	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,152,329	\$ 293,547	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,445,876
Construction in progress	0	0	0	0	0
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,152,329	293,547	0	0	2,445,876
8	1,507				
Capital asset being depreciated:					
Buildings	8,254,981	0	0	0	8,254,981
Equipment	6,490,881	452,146	(139,922)	0	6,803,105
Improvements	2,057,133	0	0	0	2,057,133
Infrastructure	4,806,534	0	0	0	4,806,534
Total capital assets being depreciated	21,609,529	452,146	(139,922)	0	21,921,753
Less: accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(7,203,830)	(75,760)	0	0	(7.270.500)
Equipment	(4,492,826)			0 (49,680)	(7,279,590) (4,697,078)
Improvements	(1,320,604)			(49,000)	
Infrastructure	(2,510,444)			0	(1,446,330) (2,750,787)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$(15,527,704)				\$(16,173,785)
	φ(13,327,704)	<i>φ</i> (750,824) \$ 154,425	<u>\$ (45,080)</u>	\$(10,173,763)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,081,825	(278,678)	(5,499)	(49,680)	5,747,968
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,234,154	\$ 14,869	\$ (5,499)	\$ (49,680)	\$ 8,193,844
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 152,200	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 152,200
Construction in progress	327	34,477	0	0	34,804
Total capital assets not being depreciated	152,527	34,477	0	0	187,004
~					
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	799,441	0	0	0	799,441
Equipment	1,280,424	114,801	(69,790)	0	1,325,435
Amortizable assets	243,082	0	0	0	243,082
Improvements	1,454	0	0	0	1,454
Infrastructure	23,843,766	160,243	0	0	24,004,009
Total capital asset being depreciated	26,168,167	275,044	(69,790)	0	26,373,421
Less: accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(699,895)	(10,787)	0	0	(710 692)
Equipment Equipment	(1,006,687)			0	(710,682)
Amortizable assets	(1,000,087)			0	(1,002,711)
Improvements	(1/1,2/6) $(1,454)$, , ,	0	0	(192,690) (1,454)
Infrastructure	(9,590,885)			0	
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,470,199)		69,790	0	(10,194,264) (12,101,801)
1 omi noominimon noprovimon	(11,470,177)	(101,372)	05,750		(12,101,001)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	14,697,968	(426,348)	0	0	14,271,620
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 14,850,495</u>	\$ (391,871)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 14,458,624

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government and administration	\$	334,708
Public safety	•	128,056
Public services		30,866
Culture and recreation		230,907
Health		6,287
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	\$	730,824
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	<u>\$</u>	701,392

4. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

The compositions of interfund balances as of September 30, 2013, is as follows:

Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Amount				
General	Community Improvement	\$	3,888		
General	Airport		680		
General	Airport Grant		250		
General	Municipal Court Technology		326		
Airport	Airport Grant		20,748		
Total		\$	25,892		

5. Operating Leases

The City has entered into operating lease agreements for equipment. Commitments under the agreements provide for future rental payments as of September 30, 2013 as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Amount
2014	\$ 4,201
2015	1,531
2016	1,276
Total	\$ 7,008

Rental expenditures in 2012-2013 were \$8,792.

6. Long-term Debt

A. Capital Leases Payable

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for the acquisition of police vehicles, an excavator, fire engine pumper, fire truck and a street sweeper. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (as titles transfer at the end of the lease terms or bargain purchase options are present) and therefore have recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The interest rates are 3.62%, 4.415%, 2.589%, 2.349% and 1.929%.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the capital leases for the year ended September 30, 2013:

		Balance 10/01/12 Issued		Retired	Balance 9/30/13		
Hydraulic Excavator Fire Engine Pumper Police Vehicles Fire Truck Street Sweeper	\$	18,662 186,152 106,425 900,000	\$	184,208	\$ 18,662 30,009 74,719 80,102 14,956	\$	18,662 186,152 106,425 900,000
•	<u>\$</u>	1,211,239	156	184,208	\$ 218,448	<u>\$</u>	1,211,239

Debt service requirements for the capital leases payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30		Principal		Interest	_R	Total equirement
2014	\$	176,763	\$	27,359	\$	204,122
2015		151,393		23,773		175,166
2016		155,488		19,677		175,165
2017		159,709	*	15,456		175,165
2018		147,922		11,158		159,080
2019-2022		385,724	-	18,677		404,401
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,176,999	\$	116,100	<u>\$</u>	1,293,099

B. Long-term Debt - Notes Payable

As of September 30, 2013 the City had no notes payable.

C. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for general government activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the general obligation bonds for the year ended September 30, 2013:

	Balance 10/01/12	Issued	Retired	Balance 9/30/13
General Obligation Improvement and Refunding Bonds Series 1998: Original issue \$5,060,000 with	\$ 1,860,000	. \$	\$ 335,000	\$ 1,525,000
interest rates of 4.25% to 7.25%	 	****		
Totals	\$ 1,860,000	\$ 0	\$ 335,000	\$ 1,525,000

Debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	 Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	Total Requirement	
2014	\$ 355,000	\$	68,625	\$	423,625
2015	370,000		52,650		422,650
2016	390,000		36,000		426,000
2017	 410,000		18,450		428,450
Total	\$ 1,525,000	\$	175,725	\$	1,700,725

Detailed debt service requirement data may be found in Table 2 in the Statistical Section of this report.

D. Revenue Bonds Payable

The City issues bonds whereby the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

As of September 30, 2013 the City had no revenue bonds outstanding.

E. Prior year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements of the City of Athens. As of September 30, 2013, none of the general obligation bonds considered defeased are still outstanding.

F. Certificates of Obligation

On April 10. 2000, the City issued \$2,000,000 of Tax and Utility System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2000. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used to pay for improvements and extensions to the City's combined Waterworks and Sanitary Sewer System, including wastewater treatment and collection facilities, and to pay for professional services rendered in relation to the project, including the payment of costs related to the issuance of the Certificates.

On October 15, 2004 the City issued \$5,500,000 of Tax and Utility System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2004. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used for (1) the construction of public works, to wit, improvements and extensions to the City's combined Waterworks and Sanitary Sewer System, including wastewater treatment and collection facilities, and (2) to pay for professional services rendered in relation to the project, including the payment of costs related to the issuance of the Certificates.

The following is a summary of changes in long term debt for the Certificates of Obligation for the year ended September 30, 2013:

	Balance 10/01/12		Issued	 Retired		Balance 9/30/13
Tax and Utility System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2000	\$ 1,185,000	\$		\$ 120,000	\$	1,065,000
Tax and Utility System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligations, Series 2004	 3,785,000	· ·		 250,000		3,535,000
	\$ 4,970,000	<u>\$</u>	0	\$ 370,000	<u>\$</u>	4,600,000

Debt service requirements for the Certificates of Obligation are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	2	<u>Principal</u>		<u>.</u>	Interest	Total <u>Requirement</u>		
2014		\$	385,000	\$	194,138	\$	579,138	
2015			405,000		177,487		582,487	
2016			430,000		161,288		591,288	
2017			445,000		143,635		588,635	
2018			465,000		125,073		590,073	
2019 - 2023			2,075,000		332,869		2,407,869	
2024			395,000		16,985		411,985	
Total		\$	4,600,000	\$	1,151,475	\$	5,751,475	

Detailed debt service requirement data may be found in Table 3 and Table 4 in the Statistical Section of this report.

G. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended September 30, 2013, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,860,000	\$	\$ 335,000	<u>\$ 1,525,000</u>	\$ 355,000
Capital Leases Payable: Vehicles and Equipment	1,211,239	184,208	218,448	1,176,999	176,763
Compensated Absences	852,932	31,156		884,088	
Post Employment Benefits	12,334	23,200		35,534	27,073
Total Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities Business Type Activities:	\$ 3,936,505	\$ 238,564	\$ 553,448	\$ 3,621,621	\$ 558,836
Bonds Payable:					
Certificates of Obligation	\$ 4,970,000	\$	\$ 370,000	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 385,000
Compensated Absences	44,089	4,605		48,694	
Post Employment Benefits		10,153		10,153	6,768
Total Business Type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 5,014,089	<u>\$ 14,758</u>	\$ 370,000	\$ 4,658,847	\$ 391,768

7. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

B. Segment Information - Enterprise Funds

The City maintains one enterprise fund. The City accounts for the provision of basic utility service to all citizens through its Water and Sewer fund. Selected segment information for the year ended September 30, 2013 is as follows:

Operating Revenues	\$ 4,597,612
Depreciation Expense	701,392
Operating Income	813,789
Operating Transfers (Out)	(650,000)
Change in Net Position	1,176
Fixed Asset Additions	309,521
Net Working Capital (Deficiency)	2,808,608
Total Assets	18,184,060
Total Net Position	12,993,386
Certificates of Obligation Payable	4,600,000

C. Pension Benefits Plan

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2012	Plan Year 2013
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2.1 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age / years of service)	60/5,0/20	60/5,0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

Contributions:

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Annual Contribution Made	Percentage of APC Contributed	Cumulative Net Pension Obligation/ (Asset)
2011	1,241,969	967,264	78%	827,047
2012	1,297,549	1,104,643	85%	1,019,952
2013	1,314,398	1,178,258	89%	1,156,089

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2013 were determined as part of the December 31, 2010 and 2011 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2012, also follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/10	12/31/11	12/31/12
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll	Level percent of payroll	Level percent of payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single	27.1 years	26.2	25.2
Amortization Period	Closed Period	Closed Period	Closed Period
Amortization Period for new			
Gains/Losses	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Method	10-year Smoothed Method	10-year Smoothed Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	Wiemod	Wichiod	Wichiod
Investment Rate of Return*	7.0%	7.15%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases*	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
* Includes Inflation at	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Cost-of-living Adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

The funded status as of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL(UAAL)	Çovered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			(1)/(2)	(2) - (1)		(4)/(5)
12/31/2012	\$17,902,602	\$27,260,649	65.7%	\$9,358,047	\$5,899,862	158.6%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

D. Life Insurance Benefits Plan

Plan Description

The City also participated in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) know as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to the effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

Contributions

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to prefund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the year ended 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$1,823, \$1,690 and \$1,756, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Schedule of Contribution Rates: (RETIREE-only portion of the rate)

Plan/ Calendar Year	Annual Required Contribution (Rate)	Actual Contribution Made (Rate)	Percentage of ARC Contributed
2010	0.03%	0.03%	100.0%
2011	0.03%	0.03%	100.0%
2012	0.03%	0.03%	100.0%

9. EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

A "Single Audit" of Federal Grant Awards under Circular A-133 was not required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

A "Single Audit" of State of Texas Grant Award Programs was not required by the State of Texas Single Audit Circular for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

10. LITIGATION

The City of Athens is involved in one instance of pending litigation the outcome of which is unknown as of the audit report date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT A

	Energy Grants Fund	funicipal Court chnology Fund		Local Forfeited Cash		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	209	\$ 11,727	\$	28,663	\$	578,438 741 20,998
		 				20,748
<u>\$</u>	209	\$ 11,727	<u>\$</u>	28,663	<u>\$</u>	620,925
_		\$ 326	\$		\$	25,892 2,100
\$	0	\$ 326	<u>\$·</u>	0	\$	27,992
	209	11,401		28,663		424,019
		 	_			168,914
	209	 11,401		28,663		592,933
\$	209	\$ 11,727	\$_	28,663	\$	620,925

 Energy Grants Fund	Municipal Court Technology Fund		Local Forfeited Cash		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ \$	1	\$		\$	236,500 29,217
	4,907 24		64	ä	2,440 4,907 1,737
 209			14,339		47,245 16,424 16,930
 209	4,931		14,403		355,400
	- 4,723		3,542		11,318 21,525 54,898 186,450
 0	4,723		3,542	 ,	274,191
 209	208	. 	10,861		81,209
 0	0		0		22,858 (22,858)
 209	208		10,861		81,209
 	11,193		17,802		511,724
\$ 209 \$	11,401	\$	28,663	\$	592,933

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

* =						Actual		ariances With Final Budget
		Budgeted	l An		_	Amounts		Positive or
REVENUES:		Original		Final	((GAAP Basis)		(Negative
Taxes:								
0.6	•	2 265 002	Φ.	2 2 6 5 2 2 2	•			
Property General Sales and Use	\$	3,365,923	\$	3,365,923	\$	3,295,963	\$	(69,960)
Franchise		3,490,720		3,490,720		3,746,448		255,728
Penalty and Interest		876,638		876,638		821,053		(55,585)
Licenses and Permits		45,000		45,000		67,395		22,395
Intergovernmental Revenues and Grants		35,390		35,390		39,818		4,428
Charges for Services		40,522		40,522		40,522		0
Fines		35,500		35,500		37,779		2,279
Investment Income		191,450		191,450		89,964		(101,486)
		12,000		12,000		13,950		1,950
Rents and Royalties		1,200		1,200		900		(300)
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources Other Revenue		9,000		24,295		26,805		2,510
		21,025		21,025	-	43,019	_	21,994
Total Revenues .	_	8,124,368		8,139,663	-	8,223,616	_	83,953
EXPENDITURES:								•
Current:		1 000 461		1 200 461		1.000.611		111.050
General Government		1,098,461		1,389,461		1,277,611		111,850
Public Safety:								
Police		2,929,924		2,945,219		2,690,472		254,747
Fire		2,359,871		2,359,871		2,304,454		55,417
Other		399,049		399,049		388,149		10,900
Public Works:								
Highways and Streets		820,642		820,642		989,374		(168,732)
Health		388,619		388,619		338,432		50,187
Culture and Recreation		530,308		530,308		498,241		32,067
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay		941,554	=	941,554		696,013	_	245,541
Total Expenditures		9,468,428	_	9,774,723		9,182,746		591,977
D (D (T)) (D (T))								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(1,344,060)		(1,635,060)		(959,130)		675,930
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Non-current Loans		214,000		214,000		184,207		(29,793)
Transfers In		650,000		650,000		651,725		1,725
Transfers Out (Use)			_					0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		864,000	_	864,000	_	835,932	_	(28,068)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(480,060)		(771,060)		(123,198)		647,862
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		4,078,914	_	4,078,914	_	4,078,914		0
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$</u>	3,598,854	\$	3,307,854	<u>\$</u>	3,955,716	\$	647,862

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

nan v e		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	((GAAP Basis)	((Negative)	
REVENUES:			_		· · · -		•		
Taxes:						950			
Property	\$	734,901	\$	734,901	\$	721,331	\$	(13,570)	
Penalty and Interest	Ψ	8,000	Ψ	8,000	Ψ	14,182	Ψ	6,182	
Investment Income		702		702		917		215	
Total Revenues		743,603		743,603		736,430		(7,173)	
								(1,2,75)	
EXPENDITURES: General Government:		į						•.	
D.L.G. I									
Debt Service:		221 660							
Principal Interest		574,663		574,663		553,448		21,215	
		125,240		125,240		116,128		9,112	
Fiscal Agent Fees		700		700	•	321		379	
Total Expenditures		700,603	-	700,603		669,897		30,706	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		43,000		43,000		66,533		23,533	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In								<u></u> .	
Net Change in fund Balances		43,000		43,000		66,533		23,533	
Fund Balance - October 01 (Beginning)		23,557		23,557		23,557		0	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	66,557	\$	66,557	\$	90,090	\$	23,533	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Schedule of Funding Progress:

(Unaudited)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			(1)/(2)	(2) - (1)		(4)/(5)
12/31/2010	\$14,388,418	\$23,371,056	61.6	\$8,982,638	\$5,658,430	158.7
12/31/2011	\$16,085,459	\$25,395,397	63.3	\$9,309,938	\$5,707,949	163.1
12/31/2012	\$17,902,602	\$27,260,649	65.7	\$9,358,047	\$5,899,862	158.6

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS SECTION

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Marlin R. Smith, CPA J. W. Lambright, CPA

Cheri E. Kirkland, CPA

P. O. Box 912 505 E. Tyler Athens, Texas 75751 (903) 675-5674 FAX (903) 675-5676 smithlambright.com

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

City Council City of Athens, Texas 508 East Tyler Street Athens, Texas 75751

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 21, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ambrigas + Associates, P.c.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT AND ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

April 21, 2014

STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS TAX LEVIES AND TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 UNAUDITED

Year of Levy	Adjusted City Tax Levy	Collections to September 30, 2013	Percentage of Total Collections to Adjusted Levy
2002	\$ 1,527,754	\$ 1,525,206	100
2003	1,658,588	1,654,495	100
2004	1,747,353	1,743,392	100
2005	2,278,403	2,272,124	100
2006	2,469,898	2,402,753	100
2007	2,622,686	2,615,729	100
2008	2,946,236	2,932,080	100
2009	3,263,140	3,253,350	100
2010	3,483,041	3,454,459	99
2011	3,804,103	3,738,443	98
2012	4,042,455	3,948,118	98
	\$ 29,843,657	\$ 29,540,149	76

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS BONDS OUTSTANDING AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Series 1998 General Obligation Improvement and Refunding Bonds

	Original Bond Issue \$5,060,000					
Requirements for Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Rate Principal		Interest	Total Requirements		
9-30-14 9-30-15 9-30-16 9-30-17	4.50% 4.50% 4.50% 4.50%	\$ 355,000 370,000 390,000 410,000	\$ 68,625 52,650 36,000 18,450	\$ 423,625 422,650 426,000 428,450		
TOTAL		\$ 1,525,000	\$ 175,725	\$ 1,700,725		

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS CERTIFICATES OUTSTANDING AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Taxes and Utility System Surplus Revenue

		C	ertificates of Obl	igation, So	eries 2000		
Requirements for Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Rate Principal		Interest		Total Requirements		
9-30-14	5.00%	\$	125,000	\$	53,250	\$	178,250
9-30-15	5.00%		135,000		47,000		182,000
9-30-16	5.00%		145,000		40,250		185,250
9-30-17	5.00%		150,000		33,000		183,000
9-30-18	5.00%		160,000		25,500		185,500
9-30-19	5.00%		170,000		17,500		187,500
9-30-20	5.00%		180,000		9,000		189,000
TOTAL		\$	1,065,000	\$	225,500	\$	1,290,500

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS CERTIFICATES OUTSTANDING AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Taxes and Utility System Surplus Revenue

		Certificates of Obl	igation, Series 2004	
Requirements for	Annual			Total
Fiscal Year Ended	Rate	Principal_	Principal Interest	
9-30-14	4.00%	\$ 260,000	\$ 140,888	\$ 400,888
9-30-15	3.50%	270,000	130,487	400,487
9-30-16	3.65%	285,000	121,038	406,038
9-30-17	3.75%	295,000	110,635	405,635
9-30-18	3.85%	305,000	99,573	404,573
9-30-19	3.95%	315,000	87,830	402,830
9-30-20	4.00%	330,000	75,387	405,387
9-30-21	4.10%	345,000	62,188	407,188
9-30-22	4.20%	360,000	48,042	408,042
9-30-23	4.25%	375,000	32,922	407,922
9-30-24	4.30%	395,000	16,985	411,985
TOTAL		\$ 3,535,000	\$ 925,975	\$ 4,460,975

CITY OF ATHENS, TEXAS MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA AND OTHER INFORMATION **SEPTEMBER 30, 2013** UNAUDITED

1902				
December, 1966				
Council - Administrator				
Jerry Don Vaught, Mayor Aubrey Jones, Jr., Monte Montgomery, Elaine Jenkins, Carol Barton				
Assistant City Administrator & Director of Finance/Technolog Assistant City Administrator & City Secretary - Pam Watson Director of Public Works/Utilitie Chief of Police - Michael Hill Fire Chief - John McQueary Director of Planning and Development	y -David Hopkins, CPA s - Glen Herriage pment - Gary Crecelius			
19.6 Square Miles				
Paved Graded	100 2			
Number of Stations Number of Employees	2 27			
Number of Stations Number of Policemen	1 34			
Community College High School Middle School Elementary School	1 1 2 4			
East Texas Medical Center - Athe	ens			
122				
Years 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960 1970 1980 1990 2000	Federal Census 3 176 4 342 4 765 5 194 7 086 9 553 10 197 10 818 11 297			
	December, 1966 Council - Administrator Jerry Don Vaught, Mayor Aubrey Jones, Jr., Monte Montge Elaine Jenkins, Carol Barton City Administrator - Pam Burton Assistant City Administrator & Director of Finance/Technolog Assistant City Administrator & City Secretary - Pam Watson Director of Public Works/Utilitie Chief of Police - Michael Hill Fire Chief - John McQueary Director of Planning and Develop Director of Human Resources - F City Judge - Steven R. Green City Attorney - Conner Bateman 19.6 Square Miles Paved Graded Number of Stations Number of Stations Number of Policemen Community College High School Middle School Elementary School East Texas Medical Center - Ather 122 Years 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960 1970 1980 1990			

2010

12 710

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Cheri E. Kirkland, CPA

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COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

City Council City of Athens, Texas 508 East Tyler Street Athens, Texas 75751

Members of the City Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City for the year ended September 30, 2013. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and, when applicable, Government Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated April 21, 2014. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most significant estimates effecting the financial statements were:

Managements estimate of the uncollectible accounts and accumulated depreciation. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management and performing and completing our audit.

Audit Differences and Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Supplementary Information

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statement themselves.

General Audit Comments, Findings or Issues

None

This information is intended solely for the use of those with governance, including the audit committee, City Council and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

L'ambrigas + associates, P.C.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

April 21, 2014

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